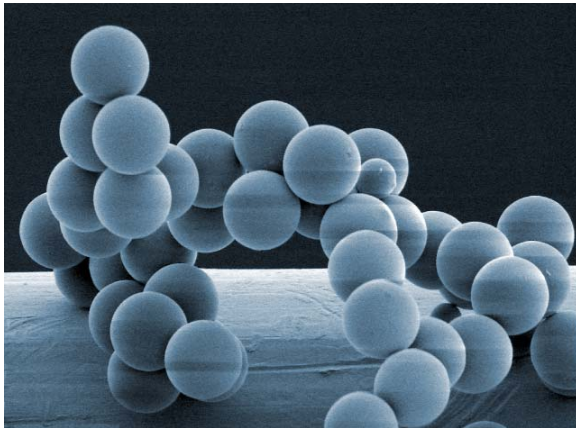


## Small Particles – Many Effects

European Aerosol Conference at KIT Focuses on Production and Effects of Airborne Particles



*Finest dust particles on a filter fiber – visualized by an electron microscope.  
(Photo by: Institute for Mechanical Process Technology and Mechanics)*

**Aerosols influence both our climate and human health. They also open up new avenues for materials research, medicine, and pharmaceuticals. All these positive as well as negative aspects of suspended particles are in the focus of international experts currently attending the *European Aerosol Conference* at the KIT. On September 8, 2009, at 20 hrs, there will be a public lecture on *Geo-Engineering*, which discusses the controversial topic whether we could mitigate global warming by releasing large quantities of reflective particles.**

Fine particles suspended in air, referred to technically as aerosols, have a far more complex effect on the global climate than the greenhouse gas CO<sub>2</sub>. Many types of particles reflect sunlight, thereby counteracting the greenhouse effect. This has in fact caused a slight cooling of congested industrial zones such as Northwestern Europe, the Northeastern US, or the Indian subcontinent. Soot, on the other hand, absorbs light and contributes to a warming of the atmosphere. Moreover, there are indirect effects of aerosols such as fog and cloud formation. The exact net effect of global particle emissions on the climate therefore is and remains a rather exciting and important research topic.

In addition, aerosol science extensively studies potential risks for human health due to the inhalation of fine dust or nanoparticles. But aerosol technology hold major promises as well, for instance in producing new materials with custom-taylored properties on the nano-scale, and in the development of new medical therapies.

**Dr. Elisabeth Zuber-Knost  
Press Officer**

Kaiserstraße 12  
76131 Karlsruhe, Germany  
Phone: +49 721 608-7414  
Fax: +49 721 608-3658

**For further information,  
please contact:**

Monika Landgraf  
Press Office  
Phone: +49 721 608 8126  
Fax: +49 721 608 3658  
E-mail: [Monika.Landgraf@kit.edu](mailto:Monika.Landgraf@kit.edu)

The full spectrum of this issue is covered by the 2009 European Aerosol Conference (EAC) held from 6 to 11 September at the KIT. Nearly 800 researchers from around the world are discussing the latest results of basic and applied research ranging from aerosol formation in the atmosphere to nanotechnology. 270 oral presentations and 560 posters focus on the role of aerosols for the atmosphere, climate, and human health. An accompanying exhibition will present the latest aerosol measurement technology.

The interested public will be addressed on Tuesday night by the lecture on *Geo-Engineering* by Dr Rolf Müller, a leading aerosol expert from the Forschungszentrum Jülich. His talk will focus on the extent to which global warming may be mitigated by specific interventions in the atmosphere.

This annual meeting of the European Aerosol Association is the most important European conference on aerosol research. This year, it is organized by the German-based Society for Aerosol Research (GAeF) and hosted by Gerhard Kasper, professor of chemical engineering at the KIT. The conference program can be found under <http://www.gaef.de/EAC2009/>.

**The Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT) is the merger of the Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe, member of the Helmholtz Association, and the Universität Karlsruhe. This merger will give rise to an institution of internationally excellent research and teaching in natural and engineering sciences. In total, the KIT has 8000 employees and an annual budget of 700 million Euros. The KIT focuses on the knowledge triangle of research – teaching – innovation.**

**The Karlsruhe institution is a leading European energy research center and plays a visible role in nanosciences worldwide. KIT sets new standards in teaching and promotion of young scientists and attracts top scientists from all over the world. Moreover, KIT is a leading innovation partner of industry.**

This press release is available on the internet under [www.kit.edu](http://www.kit.edu).

The photo of printing quality may be requested by e-mail [presse@verwaltung.uni-karlsruhe.de](mailto:presse@verwaltung.uni-karlsruhe.de) or phone +49 721 608-7414.